Before the Federal Communications Commission Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of)	
)	
Advanced Television Systems and)	MB Docket No. 87-268
Their Impact Upon the Existing)	
Television Broadcast Service)	
)	

PARTIAL PETITION FOR RECONSIDERATION OF SEVENTH REPORT AND ORDER AND DTV TABLE

NBC Telemundo License Co. ("NBC Telemundo"), the licensee of KVEA-DT, Corona, California (the "Station"), requests partial reconsideration of the DTV Table with respect to the Station in order to facilitate the digital transition for Spanish-language households in the nation's largest Spanish-language television market. Specifically, NBC Telemundo proposes that the Commission waive the current freeze and approve an increase the Station's effective radiated power to 154 kW at any point after February 17, 2008, subject to Commission grant of an otherwise suitable minor modification application. ¹ The Proposal would have a negligible impact on other U.S. television stations, except with respect to a single analog facility that is also ultimately controlled by NBC Telemundo and which has agreed to the limited projected interference to its analog operations that would result from the Proposal during the year prior to the digital transition.

See Technical Exhibit II at 2 (attached) (the "Station Proposal"). For the convenience of

termination of full-power analog television broadcast service), although certain concerns noted therein also apply to the pre-transition period.

the Commission, there are two technical exhibits presented. The first – Technical Exhibit I – addresses the Station Proposal, including potential interference, based on current (and temporary) circumstances until the termination of full-power analog television broadcast service in February 2009. The second specifically addresses the Proposal with regard to interference and other considerations in the post-transition period (i.e., following the

For the transition to digital television to be as smooth as possible, consumers must be able to enjoy broad access to local digital television signals prior to February 2009 to the extent technically feasible, including during mid- to late 2008 when consumers are most likely to acquire over-the-air digital television receivers. If local digital television signals are not able to reach many consumers because of ongoing power restrictions that all arguably affected stations voluntarily agree are no longer appropriate, consumers are likely to become understandably frustrated with the government's digital television mandate, thinking that they invested hundreds of dollars in a new digital set only to get a blue screen instead of some local stations. For Spanish-language consumers, who disproportionately rely on over-the-air signals, ² and who have fewer over-the-air outlets available, the availability of strong digital signals from the local Spanish-language stations on which they rely is even more important.

Accordingly, NBC Telemundo seeks additional Commission flexibility with respect to the final DTV allotment for the Station, which is the local affiliate for Telemundo, a leading U.S. Spanish-language television network, in Los Angeles, the largest Spanish-language television market in the nation. Currently, the Station is authorized to operate at approximately one-twentieth of the power authorized for other digital facilities sharing the same antenna location as the Station – Mount Harvard. As a practical matter, such relatively low power operation puts the Station's digital signal at risk compared to the other, higher-powered facilities at the same site, either because the Station's signal is too weak to

See, e.g., Remarks of Chairman Kevin J. Martin; Congressional Hispanic Caucus Institute Conference: Technology Summit, 2007 FCC Lexis 7147 (Oct. 2, 2007) (citing figures indicating that "almost half (43%) of homes where Spanish is the primary language rely exclusively on over-the-air broadcasting for their television"); Staff Report Concerning Over-the-Air Broadcast Television Viewers, MB Docket 04-210, 2005 FCC LEXIS 1332, *9 (MB 2004).

effectively reach large viewer populations, especially those that may not be able to implement outdoor antennas, or because the nearby higher-powered facilities may degrade the quality of the Station's signal. ³ Other than a single station providing religious programming, the Station has by far the lowest power of any digital full-power television facility transmitting from Mount Harvard. Indeed, a station that operates from Mount Harvard on a digital channel that is <u>adjacent</u> to the Station's digital channel – KPXN-DT – has an authorized power nearly 20 times as great as the Station's (i.e., 1000 kW versus the Station's 54 kW.) ⁴

Thus far in the transition period, the Station has had to accept its limited digital operating power because of concerns regarding potential interference to analog operations on Channel 39 by Television Station KNSD, San Diego, California ("KNSD"), a station that is also controlled by NBC Telemundo. During the last year of the transition to digital, however, the Commission should be willing to accept final modifications to the DTV Table that might otherwise have resulted in projected interference to a commonly owned station's <u>analog</u> television operations, assuming that the commonly owned station consents to accept such interference. Such limited flexibility would be consistent with the intent of Section 73.623(g) of the Commission's rules, which authorizes negotiated interference agreements in order to strengthen digital television service. See 47 C.F.R. § 73.623(g). Also, unlike during prior stages of the digital transition when the bulk of viewers may have continued to rely on analog over-

³ See Technical Exhibit II at 1. Although Technical Exhibit II focuses on post-transition circumstances, the concerns highlighted with respect to the desired-to-undesired interference ratio vis-à-vis the Station and adjacent channel KPXN-DT are relevant pre-transition as well

See id.; http://svartifoss2.fcc.gov/cgi-bin/ws.exe/prod/cdbs/pubacc/prod/eng_tv.pl?Facility_id=58978 (KPXN-DT's CDBS record).

the-air service, individual licensees now may have reason to conclude that limited additional interference to its analog operations is less likely to have a demonstrable effect on an audience that the Commission would like to migrate increasingly to a station's digital service. Because the Commission has been willing to authorize the complete <u>termination</u> of a station's analog service in cases where such termination might facilitate post-digital television transition rollout of new wireless services, depending on the specifics of a particular case, ⁵ the Commission likewise should be prepared to allow agreed-upon and limited interference to a station's analog television service in order to strengthen the rollout of the digital television services that are the fundamental purpose of the transition.

In this case, KNSD, which is commonly controlled by NBC Telemundo, has reviewed the technical analysis attached to this Petition and is willing to accept the limited predicted interference that might result to KNSD's over-the-air analog service from the Station's proposed power increase at any point during 2008 through the termination of analog full-power service on February 17, 2009. The Station Proposal also limits other potential concerns with the projected interference, as much of the area projected to be affected by any interference appears to be served by another NBC Network affiliate, KNBC(TV), Los Angeles. NBC Telemundo, which controls the licensee of KNSD and is the Station's licensee, also is the licensee of KNBC.

⁵ See, e.g., Letter to Johnson Broadcasting, Inc., DA 06-2319 (Video Div., rel. Nov. 16, 2006); WLNY, Inc., 20 FCC Rcd 14765 (Video Div. 2005).

As important, the Proposal will facilitate the digital transition for many consumers in the nation's second-largest television market (and largest Spanish-language television market). Upon implementation of the Proposal as of or after February 2008, subject to Commission approval, households throughout the Los Angeles DMA will have much improved over-the-air access to the digital Spanish-language broadcasts of the Station. ⁶ Such access will help to ensure that consumers who invest in digital television sets during 2008 are not frustrated by such early adoption. Since the success of the transition will rely in no small way on individual discussions among consumers, a better result for some consumers who are willing to adopt digital in 2008 may create a virtuous cycle, as these consumers encourage others they know to adopt digital sooner rather than later. As Spanish-language consumers may be especially reliant on over-the-air services, such positive feedback is of particular importance, and further justifies adoption of the Station's proposal.

See Technical Exhibit II at 1 (projecting addition of 368,394 persons to the Station's digital interference-free coverage post-transition).

CONCLUSION

Given these specific circumstances of common ownership, and with the end of the transition imminent, NBC Telemundo respectfully asks the Bureau to waive any restrictions that would preclude the Station from applying to increase power for its digital operations to 154 kW at any point as of or after February 17, 2008, subject to Commission approval of a suitable permit application.

Respectfully Submitted,

NBC TELEMUNDO LICENSE CO.

F. William LeBeau

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October 26, 2007

TECHNICAL EXHIBIT I (Technical Analysis of Station Proposal: Pre-Analog Termination)

Technical Statement for KVEA-DT, Corona, California Reconsideration of Seventh Report & Order, MB Docket No. 87-268 (Interference Analysis Prior to Termination of Analog Service)

NBC Telemundo License Co. ("NBC Telemundo"), the licensee of KVEA-DT, DTV Channel 39, Corona, California (the "Station"), is requesting Commission approval to increase the effective radiated power ("ERP") of the Station's digital operations to 154 kW (the "Proposal").

In the Seventh Report and Order, the Station was assigned an ERP of 54 kW, which, with the exception of a single other full-power digital station, KTBN-DT, Santa Ana, California, is the lowest ERP of any digital facility transmitting from Mount Harvard. In addition, the Station operates on a channel adjacent to a 1000 kW digital facility also transmitting from Mount Harvard, Digital Television Station KPXN-DT, D38/FCD38, San Bernardino, California. The Station's comparatively low power creates significant concerns regarding over-the-air digital reception of the Station. See Technical Exhibit II.

To this point in the digital transition, the Station has not increased power in deference to the analog service of Television Broadcast Station KNSD(TV). Analog Channel 39, San Diego, California. However, the upcoming termination of analog service and the public interest in favor of a smooth consumer transition to digital television has prompted further analysis of the limits of such interference. According to the attached study, the Proposal is projected to cause additional interference to 4.4 percent of the analog service population of KNSD(TV), pending the termination of KNSD(TV)'s analog service by February 17, 2009. The areas subject to the projected interference occur in the northernmost coverage area for KNSD as well as scattered beach areas below cliffs or behind mountains such as Mount Soledad and a few mostly unpopulated mountain peaks to the east. As the attached map demonstrates, much of the land area subject to new interference also is within the service (Grade B) analog contour of KNBC(TV), Los Angeles, California, which, like KNSD(TV), also is an NBC Network affiliate. NBC Telemundo License Co., the licensee of the Station. also is the licensee of KNBC(TV) and controls the licensee of KNSD(TV).

The attached map was created with RadioSoft ComStudy Version 2.2.14.7 using 2 km cells and the OET-69 method of counting cells returning Longley Rice error code 3 as receiving service with no interference. The (blue) contour crossing the coast line at Leucadia is the analog Grade B contour of KNBC(TV), Los Angeles. Green cells show valid KNSD(TV) (analog) reception. Cells receiving new interference are show in pink to red color depending on the degree of interference. (The area of interference on the north side of Mount Soledad in La Jolla is visible as pink to red shading.) Cells that already receive interference from KVEA-DT's current digital operations are colored gray. The green contour lines show the service area of KVEA-DT before and after (larger circle) the proposed power increase.

NBC Telemundo is prepared to accept the interference to the analog service of KNSD(TV) projected by the Proposal in light of the government-mandated termination of analog television service by full-power stations as of February 2009.

15

H. Douglas Lung Regional Vice President, Technology NBC Universal, Inc.

October 26, 2007

TECHNICAL EXHIBIT II (Technical Analysis of Station Proposal: Post-Analog Termination)

Statement of Hammett & Edison, Inc., Consulting Engineers

The firm of Hammett & Edison, Inc., Consulting Engineers, has been retained by NBC Telemundo License Company, licensee of TV Stations KVEA N52/D39/FCD39, Corona, California, to prepare an engineering statement in support of a Petition for Reconsideration of the Seventh Report and Order (R&O) to MB Docket 87-268.

KVEA-DT, FCD39, Requests Increased Power of 154 kW ERP

In the Seventh R&O, KVEA was assigned an effective radiated power (ERP) of 54 kW. However, there is a lower first-adjacent channel DTV Station, KPXN-DT, D38/FCD38, San Bernardino, California, which is authorized an effective radiated power (ERP) of 1,000 kW for both its licensed D38 facilities, and for its FCD38 facilities. Although this station is co-located at the Mt. Harvard antenna farm site with KVEA-DT, it still represents an interference threat to the post-transition KVEA-DT operation, which would be at a 12.7 dB lower power. Although this is less than the -28 dB desired-to-undesired (D/U) interference ratio given in Section 73.623(c)(2) of the FCC Rules defining lower DTV-into-DTV interference, it does raise the likelihood of significant KPXN-DT interference into KVEA-DT as a result of different antenna patterns and heights, and differing temporal propagation losses between DTV Channel 38 and DTV Channel 39.

The existing KVEA-DT transmitting antenna is an Andrew Model AL8-E-39 (Custom) antenna, with a rated input power of 10 kW. If the antenna input power were increased to that maximum, the KVEA-DT ERP would increase from 54 kW to 154 kW. As shown by the attached OET-69 interference study, based on the FCC OET-69 software, increasing the KVEA-DT FCD39 from 54 kW to 154 kW would not cause new interference in excess of the 0.1% "de minimis" allowance to any other station.

KVEA-DT FCD39 Interference-Free Population Improvements

As shown by the attached Figure 2, providing OET-69 coverage studies for KVEA-DT, FCD39, at both 54 kW ERP and 154 kW ERP, the requested greater power would result in the addition of 368,394 persons (2000 Census) to the KVEA-DT interference-free coverage. It should be noted that these OET-69 studies are based on the FCC method of respecting Longley-Rice Error Code 3 (EC3), which gives "free parking" to KVEA-DT cells returning EC3; that is, those cells are a) assumed to be above threshold and b) not checked for interference. The population with the KVEA-DT EC3 cells is 1,434,797 persons, or 10.2% of the KVEA-DT terrain-limited population.

As shown by the attached Figure 3, if EC3 is ignored (as is done for Satellite Home Viewer Act (SHVA) Longley-Rice calculations), then the proposed higher power would result in the addition of 400,553 persons to the KVEA-DT interference-free population.

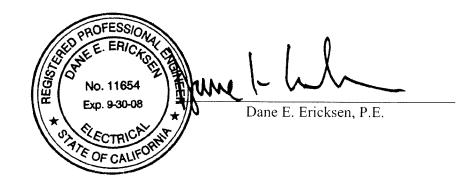
Summary

The Seventh R&O assigned KVEA-DT, FCD39, an ERP of 54 kW, but assigned lower-adjacent channel station KPXN-DT, FCD38, an ERP of 1,000 kW. This disparity in power levels results in increased likelihood of KPXN-DT-into-KVEA-DT interference. The existing KVEA-DT transmitting antenna could have its ERP increased to 154 kW before reaching its rated maximum antenna input power. Increasing the KVEA-DT FCD39 from 54 kW to 154 kW, with no other changes, would increase the KVEA-DT interference-free population by more than three hundred thousand persons (and by more than four hundred thousand persons if the more realistic ignore-EC3 approach is used). The requested KVEA-DT power would not cause in excess of 0.1% "de minimis" additional interference, and so it would be in the public interest to modify the KVEA-DT FCD39 power from 54 kW to 154 kW.

List of Figures

In carrying out these engineering studies, the following attached figures were prepared under my direct supervision:

- 1. OET-69 interference study for KVEA-DT, FCD39 at 154 kW ERP
- 2. OET-69 coverage studies for KVEA-DT, FCD39, at 54 kW and at 154 kW (EC3 Respected)
- 3. OET-69 coverage studies for KVEA-DT, FCD39, at 54 kW and at 154 kW (EC3 Ignored).



October 25, 2007

OET-69 Interference Study for Requested Power of 154 kW

Percent allowed new interference: 0.100

Percent allowed new interference to Class A: 0.100

Census data selected 2000

Post Transition Data Base Selected /space/software/cdbs/tvdb.sff B

TV INTERFERENCE and SPACING ANALYSIS PROGRAM

Date: 10-23-2007 Time: 15:38:07

Record Selected for Analysis

KVEA USERRECORD-01 CORONA CA US

Channel 39 ERP 154. kW HAAT 915. m RCAMSL 01712 m

Latitude 034-12-48 Longitude 0118-03-41

Status APP Zone 2 Border

Dir Antenna Make CDB Model 00000000041582 Beam tilt N Ref Azimuth 0.

Last update Cutoff date Docket

Comments Applicant

Cell Size for Service Analysis 2.0 km/side

Distance Increments for Longley-Rice Analysis 1.00 km

Facility meets maximum height/power limits

Azimuth	ERP	HAAT	41.0 dBu F(50,90)
(Deg)	(kW)	(m)	(km)
0.0	18.224	414.1	76.8
45.0	10.491	367.8	70.2
90.0	99.301	669.1	102.7
135.0	138.940	1426.7	129.4
180.0	111.795	1516.3	129.5
225.0	103.833	1422.2	125.9
270.0	82.424	1091.7	114.1
315.0	20.404	409.6	77.3

Evaluation toward Class A Stations

No Spacing violations or contour overlap to Class A stations

Class A Evaluation Complete

OET-69 Interference Study for Requested Power of 154 kW

SPACING VIOLATION FOUND BETWEEN STATION

KVEA 39 CORONA CA USERRECORD01

and station

SHORT TO: KVEA 39 CORONA CA BLCDT 20030507AAW

034-12-48 0118-03-41

Req. separation 223.7 Actual separation 0.0 Short 223.7 km

LANDMOBILE SPACING VIOLATIONS FOUND

NONE

Proposed facility OK to FCC Monitoring Stations

Proposed facility OK toward West Virginia guite zone

Proposed facility OK toward Table Mountian

Proposed facility is beyond the Canadian coordination distance

Proposed facility is within the Mexican coordination distance

Distance to border = 205.9km

Proposed station is OK toward AM broadcast stations

Start of Interference Analysis

Proposed Station

Channel ARN

Call City/State
KVEA CORONA CA 39 KVEA USERRECORD01

Stations Potentially Affected by Proposed Station

City/State Dist(km) Status Application Ref. No.

SAN BERNARDINO CA 0.1 CP MOD BMPCDT -20021126AAU

SAN DIEGO CA 198.3 CP MOD BMPCDT -20041029AHV Chan Call 38 KPXN 40 KNSD

-20041029AHV

Analysis of Interference to Affected Station 1

Analysis of current record

Channel Call City/State Application Ref. No.

HAMMETT & EDISON, INC.

OET-69 Interference Study for Requested Power of 154 kW

SAN BERNARDINO CA BMPCDT -20021126AAU 3.8 KPXN

Stations Potentially Affecting This Station

Dist(km) Status Application Ref. No. 341.0 LIC BLCDT -20050914AAZ 0.1 APP USERRECORD-01 City/State Chan Call 38 KSEE FRESNO CA 39 KVEA CORONA CA

Total scenarios = 1

Result key: 1
Scenario 1 Affected station 1

Before Analysis

BMPCDT 20021126AAU CP Results for: 38A CA SAN BERNARDINO

HAAT 909.0 m, ATV ERP 1000.0 kW

POPULATION AREA (sq km) within Noise Limited Contour 15681311 33914.8 not affected by terrain losses 14424067 23338.2 lost to NTSC IX 0 0.0 0 lost to additional IX by ATV 0.0 lost to ATV IX only 0 0.0 lost to all IX 0 0.0

Potential Interfering Stations Included in above Scenario 1

After Analysis

BMPCDT 20021126AAU CP Results for: 38A CA SAN BERNARDINO HAAT 909.0 m, ATV ERP 1000.0 kW

POPULATION AREA (sq km) within Noise Limited Contour 15681311 33914.8 not affected by terrain losses 14424067 23338.2 lost to NTSC IX 0 0.0 lost to additional IX by ATV 9276 8.0 lost to ATV IX only 9276 8.0 lost to all IX 9276 8.0

Potential Interfering Stations Included in above Scenario

USERRECORD01 39A CA CORONA APP

Percent new IX = 0.0643%

Worst case new IX 0.0643% Scenario 1

Analysis of Interference to Affected Station 2

OET-69 Interference Study for Requested Power of 154 kW

Analysis of current record

Channel Call City/State Application Ref. No. 40 KNSD SAN DIEGO CA BMPCDT -2004103

BMPCDT -20041029AHV

Stations Potentially Affecting This Station

Chan Call City/State Dist(km) Status Application Nol.
40 KBLR PARADISE NV 408.6 CP MOD BMPCDT -20000501AEX
41 KLCS LOS ANGELES CA 199.4 LIC BLEDT -20030507AAS
CORONA CA 198.3 APP USERRECORD-01 Chan Call

Total scenarios = 1

Result key: 2
Scenario 1 Affected station 2

Before Analysis

HAAT 563.0 m, ATV ERP 370.0 kW Results for: 40A CA SAN DIEGO

POPULATION AREA (sq km) within Noise Limited Contour 3071788 31702.8 not affected by terrain losses 2976425 27002.3 lost to NTSC IX 0
lost to additional IX by ATV 5976
lost to ATV IX only 5976 0.0 28.1 28.1 5976 lost to all IX 28.1

Potential Interfering Stations Included in above Scenario 1

41A CA LOS ANGELES BLEDT 20030507AAS LIC

After Analysis

Results for: 40A CA SAN DIEGO BMPCDT 20041029AHV CP HAAT 563.0 m, ATV ERP 370.0 kW

not affected by terrain losses 2976425 27002.3 lost to NTSC IX 0 0.0 lost to additional IX by ATV 8277 36.1 lost to ATV IX only 8277 36.1 8277 lost to all IX 36.1

Potential Interfering Stations Included in above Scenario

41A CA LOS ANGELES BLEDT 20030507AAS LIC USERRECORD01 39A CA CORONA APP

Percent new IX = 0.0775%

Worst case new IX 0.0775% Scenario 1

OET-69 Interference Study for Requested Power of 154 kW

Analysis of Interference to Affected Station 3

Analysis of current record

Channel Call City/State Application Ref. No. CORONA CA 39 KVEA USERRECORD-01

Stations Potentially Affecting This Station

Chan Call City/State Dist(km) Status Application Ref. No.
38 KPXN SAN BERNARDINO CA 0.1 CP MOD BMPCDT -20021126AAU
40 KNSD SAN DIEGO CA 198.3 CP MOD BMPCDT -20041029AHV Chan Call

Total scenarios = 1

Result key: 3
Scenario 1 Affected station 3

Before Analysis

Results for: 39A CA CORONA USERRECORD01 APP

HAAT 915.0 m, ATV ERP 154.0 kW

POPULATION AREA (sq km) within Noise Limited Contour 15937066 35105.1 not affected by terrain losses 14511457 26616.4 lost to additional IX by ATV 39958 lost to ATV IX only 39958 lost to all IX 0.0 124.2 124.2 124.2

Potential Interfering Stations Included in above Scenario 1

38A CA SAN BERNARDINO BMPCDT 20021126AAU CP 40A CA SAN DIEGO BMPCDT 20041029AHV CP

FINISHED FINISHED FINISHED FINISHED FINISHED

OET-69 Coverage Studies for 54 kW ERP and for 154 kW ERP Error Code 3 Respected

OET-69 Coverage Analysis, 2000 Census tvstudy v3.2.12

Post-transition study, in-core DTV and LPTV/Class A NTSC only

Station record parameters:

Station: D39 KVEA TCD City: CORONA, CA Facility ID: 19783

Coordinates: N 34-12-48.0 W 118-03-41.0

W 118-03-41 Height AMSL: 1712.0 m

Maximum ERP: 54.0 kW
Azimuth pattern: AND-AL-E-39 (CUSTOM)

Orientation: 0.0

Elevation pattern: OET-69 generic

Service level: 41.1 dBu

		Total IX		Unique IX	
Interfering station		Area,km2	Population	Area,km2	Population
D40 KNSD TCD SAN D3 N38+A KPSP-LP LIC CATHEI	ERNARDINO, CA EEGO, CA DRAL CITY-, CA EFIELD, CA	20.0	17,789 2,113 0 685		17,789 2,113 0 685
Service conditions	Area,km2 Pop	oulation			
Noise-limited service Terrain-limited service Interference-free service	20643.2 15, 14168.1 14, 14108.0 14,	•			
Longley-Rice errors	6511.1 1,	434,797			

Note:

The results of the OET-69 algorithm are dependent on the use of computer databases and complex software algorithms, which may vary between computer platforms and installations. Also, while Hammett & Edison, Inc. endeavors to follow official releases and established precedents on the matter, FCC policy on DTV analysis methods changes from time to time. Thus, the results of OET-69 interference and coverage studies are subject to change and may differ from FCC results.

OET-69 Coverage Studies for 54 kW ERP and for 154 kW ERP **Error Code 3 Respected**

. OET-69 Coverage Analysis, 2000 Census tvstudy v3.2.12

Post-transition study, in-core DTV and LPTV/Class A NTSC only

Station record parameters:

--Modified----- --Original-----

		Total IX		Unique IX	
Interfering station		Area,km2	Population	Area,km2	Population
D40 KNSD TCD S. N38+A KPSP-LP LIC C.	AN BERNARDINO, CA AN DIEGO, CA ATHEDRAL CITY-, CA AKERSFIELD, CA	28.1 56.1 0.0 24.0	15,156 25,771 0 9,225	28.1 56.1 0.0 24.0	15,156 25,771 0 9,225
Service conditions	Area,km2 Pop	ulation			
Noise-limited service Terrain-limited service Interference-free service	ce 16352.3 14,				
Longley-Rice errors	7779.3 1,4	198,096			

Note:

The results of the OET-69 algorithm are dependent on the use of computer databases and complex software algorithms, which may vary between computer platforms and installations. Also, while Hammett & Edison, Inc. endeavors to follow official releases and established precedents on the matter, FCC policy on DTV analysis methods changes from time to time. Thus, the results of OET-69 interference and coverage studies are subject to change and may differ from FCC results.

OET-69 Coverage Studies for 54 kW ERP and for 154 kW ERP Error Code 3 Ignored

OET-69 Coverage Analysis, 2000 Census tvstudy v3.2.12

Post-transition study, in-core DTV and LPTV/Class A NTSC only

Longley-Rice errors ignored

Station record parameters:

Station: D39 KVEA TCD City: CORONA, CA

Facility ID: 19783

Coordinates: N 34-12-48.0

W 118-03-41.0

Height AMSL: 1712.0 m Maximum ERP: 54.0 kW

Azimuth pattern: AND-AL-E-39 (CUSTOM)

Orientation: 0.0

Elevation pattern: OET-69 generic

Service level: 41.1 dBu

		Tot	Total IX		Unique IX	
Interfering station	ı	Area,km2	Population	Area,km2	Population	
D38 KPXN TCD D40 KNSD TCD N38+A KPSP-LP LIC N39-A KABE-LP CP	SAN BERNARDINO, CA SAN DIEGO, CA CATHEDRAL CITY-, C BAKERSFIELD, CA	20.0	34,657 2,113 0 693	96.2 20.0 0.0 36.1	34,649 2,113 0 685	
Service conditions	Area,km2 Po	opulation				
Noise-limited servi Terrain-limited ser Interference-free s	vice 10217.4 13	5,400,411 3,844,226 3,806,771				

Note:

The results of the OET-69 algorithm are dependent on the use of computer databases and complex software algorithms, which may vary between computer platforms and installations. Also, while Hammett & Edison, Inc. endeavors to follow official releases and established precedents on the matter, FCC policy on DTV analysis methods changes from time to time. Thus, the results of OET-69 interference and coverage studies are subject to change and may differ from FCC results.

OET-69 Coverage Studies for 54 kW ERP and for 154 kW ERP Error Code 3 Ignored

OET-69 Coverage Analysis, 2000 Census tvstudy v3.2.12

Post-transition study, in-core DTV and LPTV/Class A NTSC only

Longley-Rice errors ignored

Station record parameters:

		Tot	Total IX		le IX
Interfering station		Area,km2	Population	Area, km2	Population
D38 KPXN TCD D40 KNSD TCD N38+A KPSP-LP LIC N39-A KABE-LP CP	SAN BERNARDINO, SAN DIEGO, CA CATHEDRAL CITY-, BAKERSFIELD, CA	68.1	32,319 25,771 0 9,225	96.2 68.1 0.0 32.1	32,319 25,771 0 9,225
Service conditions	Area,km2	Population			
Noise-limited servi Terrain-limited ser Interference-free s	vice 11943.6	15,932,012 14,274,639 14,207,324			

Note:

The results of the OET-69 algorithm are dependent on the use of computer databases and complex software algorithms, which may vary between computer platforms and installations. Also, while Hammett & Edison, Inc. endeavors to follow official releases and established precedents on the matter, FCC policy on DTV analysis methods changes from time to time. Thus, the results of OET-69 interference and coverage studies are subject to change and may differ from FCC results.